# Skills & Knowledge progression: ENGLISH - Writing



## National Curriculum – Aims and purpose

## Purpose of study

The programmes of study for writing at key stages 1 and 2 are constructed similarly to those for reading:

- transcription (spelling and handwriting)
- composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech and writing).

It is essential that teaching develops pupils' competence in these two dimensions. In addition, pupils should be taught how to plan, revise and evaluate their writing. These aspects of writing have been incorporated into the programmes of study for composition. Writing down ideas fluently depends on effective transcription: that is, on spelling quickly and accurately through knowing the relationship between sounds and letters (phonics) and understanding the morphology (word structure) and orthography (spelling structure) of words. Effective composition involves forming, articulating and communicating ideas, and then organising them coherently for a reader. This requires clarity, awareness of the audience, purpose and context, and an increasingly wide knowledge of vocabulary and grammar. Writing also depends on fluent, legible and, eventually, speedy handwriting.

#### Aims

The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that all pupils:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate.

# School aims - skills, attitudes and knowledge that we would like all children to develop on their journey through the school

Pupils are encouraged and provided with skills to develop the stamina and skills to write at length. They are taught to use accurate spellings and punctuation and to be grammatically correct. Pupils are given the opportunity to write in a range of ways and for a variety of purposes including narratives, explanations, descriptions, comparisons, summaries and evaluations. Furthermore, our children write to support their understanding and consolidation of what they have heard or read.

Teachers establish the purpose and audience for writing and make teaching objectives explicit to pupils, so they know why they are studying a particular text type, the kind of writing activities they need to undertake and what the expected outcome will be.

We recognise that both composition (articulation ideas in speech and writing) and transcription (spelling and hendwriting) are clearly linked to the other aspects of English learning: speaking and listening, reading, spelling, grammar and vocabulary. We recognise that both these elements are essential to success and we support the acquisition of both sets of skills through various methods.

Teachers promote writing and look for ways to inspire and motivate pupils so that they see themselves as 'writers'.

- We teach explicit handwriting, spelling and grammar lessons.
- We have a systematic approach; we revisit key learning and build upon it in all areas from phonics, through to grammar, handwriting and spelling.
- We use high quality texts, modelling and shared/ collaborative writing to demonstrate good practice.
- We encourage and promote talking before writing and oracy through English lessons and Communication lessons.
- We use creative entry points and hooks as a stimulus for writing.
- We maximise cross-curricular opportunities for writing.
- We provide writing frames, scaffolds, modelling to support the least confident.
- We provide time for planning, editing and revising.
- We mark extended pieces of work in-depth and set targets with the pupils through pupil conferencing.
- We use success criteria or checklists for pupils to self-assess or peer assess, when appropriate so they can evaluate effectively.
- We encourage joined handwriting to support spelling and speed.
- We use drama, debate and hot-seating to help pupils to think about another point of view.
- We support pupils with learning and motor difficulties.
- We provide meetings/workshops for parents to help them support their child with writing.

#### Milestones:

At Stapleford Primary School children are taught in mixed age classes e.g. Years 1 & 2 together etc. Our curriculum sets out progression in the form of three 'Milestones'. The children work towards each Milestone for two years. During the first year pupils attain an understanding of the skills set out in the Milestone and during the second year they develop an advanced or deeper understanding. Each Milestone contains a range of descriptors which provide details of the skills to be covered. Over a two-year period, students become more and more familiar with these details by exploring them in a breadth of contexts. This helps pupils to "know more" and "remember more."

Links to learning in EYFS:	Links to other subjects / curriculum areas:	Experiences every child should have:
Writing can be linked to every subject. Opportunities for	Writing can be linked to every subject. Opportunities for	Every pupil should be provided with the opportunity to
writing in the EYFS can include:	writing across the curriculum can include:	participate in wrting activities which inspire and motivate
- Mark making	- Writing up science investigations	them so that they see themselves as 'writers'.
- Story writing	- Mathematical word problems	
- Phoneme frames	- Writing book reports	
- Writing names	- Writing their own assembly scripts	
<ul> <li>Writing in sand, foam, paint etc.</li> </ul>	- Writing instructions on how to play a sport	
- Painting	- Writing about about certain religious festivals are	
- Sky writing etc.	celebrated etc.	



# Skills Progression: English: Writing – Years 1 & 2

Year groups	Composition	Transcription	Anaylsis and presentation
	Write with purpose	Present neatly	Analyse writing
1 & 2	This concept involves understanding the purpose or purposes of a piece of writing.	This concept involves developing an understanding of handwriting and clear presentation.	This concept involves understanding how grammatical choices give effect and meaning to writing.
Milestone 1	Say first and then write to tell others about ideas.	Sit correctly and hold a pencil correctly.	Discuss writing with the teacher and other pupils.
	Write for a variety of purposes.	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly.	Use and understand grammatical terminology in discussing writing:
	Plan by talking about ideas and writing notes.	Form capital letters.	Year 1
	Use some of the characteristic features of the type of	• Form digits 0-9.	
	writing used.	Understand letters that are formed in similar ways.	word, sentence, letter, capital letter, full stop, punctuation, singular, plural, question mark, exclamation mark.
	Write, review and improve.	Form lower-case letters of a consistent size.	exclamation mark.
	Use imaginative description	1 offit lower dasc letters of a consistent size.	Year 2
	This concept involves developing an appreciation of how best to convey ideas through description.	Begin to join some letters.	Use and understand grammatical terminology in
	Use well-chosen adjectives to add detail.	Write capital letters and digits of consistent size.	discussing writing:
	Use names of people, places and things.	Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.	verb, tense (past, present), adjective, noun, suffix, apostrophe, comma.
	Use well-chosen adjectives.	Spell correctly	Present writing
	Use nouns and pronouns for variety.	This concept involves understanding the need for accuracy.	This concept involves learning to reflect upon writing and reading it aloud to others.
	Use adverbs for extra detail.	Spell words containing 40+ learned phonemes.	Read aloud writing clearly enough to be heard by peers and the teacher.

#### Organise writing appropriately

This concept involves developing an appreciation of how best to convey ideas through description.

- Re-read writing to check it makes sense.
- Use the correct tenses.
- Organise writing in line with its purpose.

#### Use paragraphs

This concept involves understanding how to group ideas so as to guide the reader.

- · Write about more than one idea.
- Group related information.

#### Use sentences appropriately

This concept involves using different types of sentences appropriately for both clarity and for effect.

- Write so that other people can understand the meaning of sentences.
- Sequence sentences to form clear narratives.
- · Convey ideas sentence by sentence.
- · Join sentences with conjunctions and connectives.
- Vary the way sentences begin.

- Spell common exception words (the, said, one, two and the days of the week).
- Name letters of the alphabet in order.
- Use letter names to describe spellings of words.
- Add prefixes and suffixes, learning the rule for adding s and es as a plural marker for nouns, and the third person singular marker for verbs (I drink - he drinks).
- Use the prefix un.
- Use suffixes where no change to the spelling of the root word is needed: helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest.
- Use spelling rules.
- Write simple sentences dictated by the teacher.
- Spell by segmenting words into phonemes and represent them with the correct graphemes.
- Learn some new ways to represent phonemes.
- Spell common exception words correctly.
- Spell contraction words correctly (can't, don't).
- Add suffixes to spell longer words (-ment, -ness, -ful and -less).
- Use the possessive apostrophe. (singular) (for example, the girl's book)
- Distinguish between homophones and near-homophones.

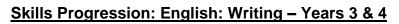
#### Punctuate accurately

This concept involves understanding that punctuation adds clarity to writing.

- Leave spaces between words.
- Use the word 'and' to join words and sentences.

Read aloud writing with some intonation.

	Begin to punctuate using a capital letter for the name of people, places, the days of the week and I.	
	Use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms.	
	Use sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation and command.	
	Use extended noun phrases to describe and specify (e.g. the blue butterfly).	
	Use subordination (when, if, that or because).	
	Use coordination (or, and, but).	
	Use some features of standard written English.	
	Use the present and past tenses correctly, including the progressive form.	





Year groups	Composition	Transcription	Anaylsis and presentation
	Write with purpose	Present neatly	Analyse writing
3 & 4	This concept involves understanding the purpose or purposes of a piece of writing.	This concept involves developing an understanding of handwriting and clear presentation.	This concept involves understanding how grammatical choices give effect and meaning to writing.
Milestone 2	Use the main features of a type of writing (identified in reading).	Join letters, deciding which letters are best left unjoined.	Use and understand grammatical terminology when discussing writing and reading:
	Use techniques used by authors to create characters and settings.	Make handwriting legible by ensuring downstrokes of letters are parallel and letters are spaced	Year 3
	Compose and rehearse sentences orally.	appropriately.  Spell correctly	word family, conjunction, adverb, preposition, direct speech, inverted commas (or 'speech marks'), prefix, appearant viewed places substitute along.
	Plan, write, edit and improve.	This concept involves understanding the need for accuracy.	consonant, vowel, clause, subordinate clause.  Year 4
	Use imaginative description	doddady.	Tour 4
	This concept involves developing an appreciation of how best to convey ideas through description.	Use prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them.	pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial.
	Create characters, settings and plots.	Spell homophones correctly.	Present writing This concept involves learning to reflect upon writing and reading it aloud to others.
	Use alliteration effectively.	Spell correctly often misspelt words.	
	Use similes effectively.	Place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals (for example, girls', boys') and in	Read aloud writing to a group or whole class, using appropriate intonation.
	Use a range of descriptive phrases including some collective nouns.	words with irregular plurals (for example, children's).	
	Organise writing appropriately This concept involves developing an appreciation of	Use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary.	
	how best to convey ideas through description.	Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so	
	Use organisational devices such as headings and sub headings.	far.	
	Use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause.	Punctuate accurately This concept involves understanding that punctuation adds clarity to writing.	
	Use connectives that signal time, shift attention, inject suspense and shift the setting.	Develop understanding of writing concepts by:	

## Use paragraphs

This concept involves understanding how to group ideas so as to guide the reader.

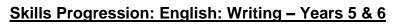
- Organise paragraphs around a theme.
- Sequence paragraphs.

#### Use sentences appropriately

This concept involves using different types of sentences appropriately for both clarity and for effect.

- Use a mixture of simple, compound and complex sentences.
- Write sentences that include:
  - · conjunctions
  - adverbs
  - · direct speech, punctuated correctly
  - clauses
  - adverbial phrases.

- Extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.
- Using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense.
- Choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition.
- Using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.
- Using fronted adverbials.
- · Indicate grammatical and other features by:
- · Using commas after fronted adverbials.
- Indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns.
- Using and punctuating direct speech.





Year groups	Composition	Transcription	Anaylsis and presentation
	Write with purpose	Present neatly	Analyse writing
5 & 6	This concept involves understanding the purpose or purposes of a piece of writing.	This concept involves developing an understanding of handwriting and clear presentation.	This concept involves understanding how grammatical choices give effect and meaning to writing.
Milestone 3	Identify the audience for writing.	Write fluently and legibly with a personal style.	Use and understand grammatical terminology when discussing writing and reading:
	Choose the appropriate form of writing using the main features identified in reading.	Spell correctly This concept involves understanding the need for accuracy.	Year 5
	Note, develop and research ideas.	Use prefixes appropriately.	relative clause, modal verb, relative pronoun, parenthesis, bracket, dash, determiner, cohesion,
	Plan, draft, write, edit and improve.  Use imaginative description	Spell some words with silent letters (knight, psalm and solemn).	ambiguity. Year 6
	This concept involves developing an appreciation of		
	how best to convey ideas through description.	Distinguish between homophones and other words that are often confused.	active and passive voice, subject and object, hyphen, synonym, colon, semi-colon, bullet points.
	Use the techniques that authors use to create		
	characters, settings and plots.	<ul> <li>Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that some words need to be</li> </ul>	Present writing This concept involves learning to reflect upon writing
	Create vivid images by using alliteration, similes, metaphors and personification.	learned specifically.	and reading it aloud to others.
	Interweave descriptions of characters, settings and atmosphere with dialogue.	Use dictionaries to check spelling and meaning of words.	Perform compositions, using appropriate intonation and volume.
	Organise writing appropriately	Use the first three or four letters of a word to look up the meaning or spelling of words in a dictionary.	
	This concept involves developing an appreciation of how best to convey ideas through description.	Use a thesaurus.	
	Guide the reader by using a range of organisational devices, including a range of connectives.	Spell the vast majority of words correctly.	
	Choose effective grammar and punctuation.	Punctuate accurately This concept involves understanding that punctuation	
	Ensure correct use of tenses throughout a piece of writing.	<ul><li>adds clarity to writing.</li><li>Develop understanding of writing concepts by:</li></ul>	
	Use paragraphs This concept involves understanding how to group ideas so as to guide the reader.	<ul> <li>Recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms.</li> </ul>	

- Write paragraphs that give the reader a sense of clarity.
- Write paragraphs that make sense if read alone.
- Write cohesively at length.

## Use sentences appropriately

This concept involves using different types of sentences appropriately for both clarity and for effect.

- Write sentences that include:
  - relative clauses
  - modal verbs
  - relative pronouns
  - brackets
  - parenthesis
  - a mixture of active and passive voice
  - a clear subject and object
  - hyphens, colons and semi colons
  - bullet points.

- Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence.
- Using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause.
- Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely.
- Using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility.
- Using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun.
- Indicate grammatical and other features by:
- Using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing.
- Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity.
- Using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis.
- Using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses.
- Using a colon to introduce a list.
- Punctuating bullet points consistently.

# **ENGLISH - Writing: Curriculum covered at Stapleford Primary School**



					<b>Year A</b> (2016-2	2017), (2018-2019	), (2020-2021) et	C.		
	Literacy		Autumn Term			Spring Term			Summer Term	
	Subject	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry
Class 3 Year 1 and 2	Unit	Stories in familiar settings	Labels, lists, signs & posters	Songs and repetitive poems	Stories in familiar settings	Instructions	Playing with language	Fairy stories	Letters	Poems on a theme: The Sea
	Suggested books	Essential books: The Tiger who comes to tea by Judith Kerr Dogger by Shirley Hughes Whatever next by Jill Murphy	Hamilton Animated Text: The Favourite T- shirt, Clothes Boris and the bug	Move it, Conversation, I'm the youngest in this house by Michael Rosen	The Whales' Song by Dylan Sheldon and Gary Blythe	Thad Gets to the Moon Hamilton Animated Text Stop that sound Hamilton Group Readers	The Works Chosen by Paul Cookson Walking the bridge of your nose Selected by Michael Rosen The Works Key Stage 1 chosen by Pie Corbett	Hansel and Gretel by Anthony Browne Hansel and Gretel Hamilton Group Reader Rapunzel by Sarah Gibb	Dear Zoo by Rod Campbell Dear Greenpeace by Simon James Letters from the Zoo	Where the forest meets the sea by Jeannie Baker Poems by Celia Warren
	Unit	Stories involving fantasy	Information texts	Poems about animals	Tales from a variety of cultures	Recounts	The Sound Collector	Classic contemporary fiction	Information texts: Minibeasts	Traditional poems: A.A. Milne
	Suggested books	Essential books: Oi! Get off my Train! and The Magic Bed all by John Burningham	Great white man-eating Shark by Margaret Mahy Rainbow Bear by Michael Morpurgo The Ice Bear by Nicola Davies	Hairy Tales and Nursery Crimes by Michael Rosen The Works edited by Paul Cookson	The Dragon Machine by Helen Ward	Farmer Duck by Martin Waddell and Helen Oxenbury	The Works Chosen by Paul Cookson The Works 3 Chosen by Paul Cookson Read Me First Chosen by Louise Bolongaro	The Sand Horse by Ann Turnbull and Michael Foreman Jo Jo The Melon Donkey by Michael Morpurgo	Yucky Worms by Vivian French A variety of books on Minibeasts Worms	Winnie the Pooh, When we were very young, Now we are six All by A.A. Milne

		Year B (2017-2018), (2019-2020), (2021-2022) etc.									
	Literacy		Autumn Term			Spring Term		S	ummer Term		
	Subject	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	
	Unit	Stories in familiar settings	Labels, lists, signs and posters	Silly poems	Traditional Tales	Letters and books	Spring 1 Title	Traditional tales from other cultures	Instructions and lists	Poems to say aloud	
Class 3 Year 1 and 2	Suggested books	Oscar Got the Blame by Tony Ross Not Now Bernard by David McKee	I Love Whales and Dolphins, and I love Sharks, by Steve Parker	Book of very silly poems by Michael Rosen Poems for the Very Young edited by Michael Rosen	The True Story of the Three Little Pigs by E. Trivizas The Three Little Wolves & the Big Bad Pig by Scieszka Three Little Monsters	John Norman patricks	Switching on the Moon: A very first book of bedtime poems (2010) Walker Books	Any short traditional version of The Three Little Pigs, Stories from the Billabong by James Vance Marshall and Francis Firebrace The Rainbow Bird by Eric Maddern and Adrienne Kennaway	Shh! We Have a Plan by Chris Haughton We're Going on a Bear Hunt by Michael Rosen	Read Me Out Loud! Chosen by Nick Toczek and Paul Cookson	
	Unit	Stories involving fantasy	Information texts	List poems	Stories about feelings	Recounts	Poems with an element of fantasy and humour	Humorous Stories	Information texts - Owls	Poems by the same author - Milligan	
	Suggested books	Croc and Bird; Beegu both by Alexis Deacon The Alien Egg – Hamilton Group Reader	Mister Seahorse by Eric Carle Animals and Their Young, How Animals Produce and Care for Their Young by Pamela Hickman and Pat Stephens	The Works edited by Paul Cookson A variety of poems provided	The Crocodile Who Didn't Like Water by Gemma Merino The Dark by Lemony Snicket	Oh No, George By Chris Haughton	The Works edited by Paul Cookson Read Me First Chosen by Louise Bolongaro Cat's List Poem	Alexander and the Terrible, Horrible, No Good, Very Bad Day by Judith Viorst Traction Man is Here by Mini Grey Traction Man meets Turbo Dog by Mini Grey	Owl Babies by Martin Waddel Owls (Usborne Beginners) by Emily Bone Dusk until Dawn by Martin Bradley	A Children's Treasury of Milligan by Spike Milligan	

	Literacy Subject				<b>Year A</b> (2016-2	2017), (2018-2019	9), (2020-2021)	etc.		
	Cubject		Autumn Term			Spring Term			Summer Term	
		Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry
	Unit	Stories by the same author	Instructions and explanation s	Creating images	Significant Authors	Recounts	Traditional poems	Adventure Stories	Persuasive writing	Traditional poems
Class 2 Year 3 and 4	Suggested books	I'll Take you to Mrs Cole Nigel Gray & Michael Foreman Dinosaurs & All that Rubbish by Michael Foreman	Various instruction and explanation texts	Wind Poems by Christina Rossetti	The Iron Man Ted Hughes	The Day I Swapped my Dad for Two Goldfish by Neil Gaiman & Dave McKean Diary of a Killer Cat by Anne Fine	A Child's Garden of Verses by Robert Louis Stevenson	The Hodgeheg by Dick King- Smith	Advertisement s in magazines and on TV provided	Going to the Fair by Charles Causley The Puffin Book of Fantastic First Poems
	Unit	Stories from other cultures	Information texts	Humorous poems	Stories about imaginary worlds	Non- chronologica I reports	Performanc e poems	Plays and Dialogues	Non- chronological reports	Shape poems: Playing with form
	Suggested books	Seasons of Splendour by Madhur Jaffrey The Tiger Child by Joanna Troughton	DK Children's Book of Sport	The Truth about Teachers by Paul Cookson et al The Works chosen by Paul Cookson Read Me and Laugh chosen by Gaby Morgan	Fantastic Mr Fox by Roald Dahl	Selection of Harry Potter books by J K Rowling	Various performance poems provided	The Witches by Roald Dahl Plays for children: The Witches, adapted by David Wood	Selection of websites about computer games provided	I Like this Poem by Kaye Webb Read Me, Read Me First and The Works

	Literacy Subject			Ύe	ear B (2017-2018	3), (2019-2020), (20	021-2022) etc.			
	Subject		Autumn Term			Spring Term			Summer Term	
		Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry
	Unit	Fables	Instructions and explanations	Creating images	Myths and legends	Recounts	List poems and kennings	Stories with humour	Persuasive writing	Nonsense poetry
Class 2 Year 3 and 4	Suggested books	Aesop's Fables by Michael Rosen	The Usborne Complete Book of Art ideas by Fiona Watt	Window by Jeannie Baker Various poems - provided	How to Catch A Mermaid by Jane Ray The Seal Children by Jackie Morris Beowulf	reports Little Mouse's Book of Fears by Emily Gravett	A variety of poems selected from The Works	Mr Stink by David Walliams Billionaire Boy by David Walliams	The Rainbow Bear by Michael Morpurgo Zoo by Anthony Browne The Ice Bear by Nicola Davies	A variety of poems selected from The Works
Class Year 3 s	Unit	Stories in Familiar Settings	Information texts	Haiku Poems/Poetic form: Syllabic poems	Fairy stories and playscripts	Non Chronological reports	Poems to perform	Stories from other cultures	Chronolog ical reports	Poetry by heart
	Suggested books	Horrid Henry by Francesca Simon Horrid Henry's Birthday Party by Francesca Simon Grammar	The Kingfisher Book of Music-	Various poems provided	Beware of the Storybook Wolves, by Lauren Child The Pea and the Princess, by Mini Grey The Princess and the Pea, by Lauren Child	The Wolves in the Walls by Neil Gaiman Wolves by Emily Gravett Top Gun of the Sky by Martin Bradley	Poems to Perform: A Classic collection, chosen by Julia Donaldson	Africa is not a Country by Margy Burns Knight Mufaro's Beautiful Daughters retold by John Steptoe The Pot of Wisdom – Ananse Stories retold by Adwoa Badoe	Henry's Freedom Box by Ellen Levine Who Was Rosa Parks? by Yona Zeldis McDonoug h	Off By Heart – Poems for YOU to remember chosen by Roger Stevens

	Literacy			Year A	(2016-2017), (201	8-2019), (2020-	2021) etc.			
	Subject	Autu	mn Term		S	pring Term			Summer Term	l
		Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry
	Unit	Classic fiction	Recounts	Slam Poetry	Genre fiction	Argument and debate	Poetic Style	Classic novels	Persuasive writing	Debate poetry and poetry that tells a story
Class 1 Year 5 and 6	Suggested books	The Jungle Book by Rudyard Kipling Just So stories by Rudyard Kipling	UFOs and Aliens: Investigating Extraterrestrial Visitors – Extreme! by Paul Mason UFO Diary by Satoshi Kitamura	You wait till I'm older than you by Michael Rosen The Works and Read Me collections A variety of poems provided	Short by Kevin Crossley Holland	Arguments for and against use of CCTV cameras (provided)	You Wait Till I'm Older Than You by Michael Rosen Collected Poems by Roger McGough	The Hobbit by JRR Tolkien, (Graphic novel) illustrated by David Wenzel, adapted by Charles Dixon (2006)	Various persuasive texts (provided)	The Dispute of Coffee and Tea Hamilton Group Reader Sensational! poems inspired by the five senses chosen by Roger McGough, Macmillan
	Unit	Biographies and autobiographies	Instructions and Explanations	Classic poems	Drama (Shakespeare)	Reports and Journalistic writing		Genre fiction- science fictions	Non- chronological Reports	Power of imagery
	Suggested books	Boy and Going Solo by Roald Dahl Singing for Mrs Pettigrew/Homecoming by Michael Morpurgo Various biographies of two authors	Examples of instructional and explanation text are provided	The Walrus and the Carpenter by Lewis Carroll Cautionary Tales by Hilaire Belloc	Mr William Shakespeare's Plays by Marcia Williams	Tuesday by David Wiesner		Tales from Outer Suburbia by Shaun Tan, Templar Publishing	Various reports (provided)	The Convergence of the Twain by Thomas Hardy (Animated Tale – see resources)

					<b>Year B</b> (2017-20	018), (2019-2020)	, (2021-2022) 6	etc.		
	Literacy		Autumn Term			Spring Term		St	ımmer Term	
	Subject	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry	Fiction	Non-Fiction	Poetry
	Unit	Historical Stories	Recounts	Choral or performance poems	Stories with flashbacks	Persuasive writing	Free form poetry	Classic fiction	Chronologi cal reports	Poet study: Emily Dickinson
Class 1 Year 5 and 6	Sugges ted books	WarHorse by Michael Morpurgo, War Game by Michael Foreman, In Flanders Fields by Jorgensen & Harrison-Lever One Boy's War by Huggins- Cooper & Benfold Haywood	The Day of Ahmed's Secret by Florence Parry Heide & Judith Heide Gilliland Hurricane by David Wiesner	The Works chosen by Paul Cookson Revolting Rhymes by Roald Dahl Read Me 1 chosen by Gaby Morgan Plum by Tony Mitton	Harry Potter books by J.K. Rowling	Arguments for and against use of CCTV cameras (provided)	You Wait Till I'm Older Than You by Michael Rosen Collected Poems by Roger McGough	The Hobbit by JRR Tolkien, (Graphic novel) illustrated by David Wenzel, adapted by Charles Dixon (2006)	Various persuasive texts (provided on Hamilton trust)	The Dispute of Coffee and Tea Hamilton Group Reader Sensational! poems inspired by the five senses chosen by Roger McGough, Macmillan
	Unit	Significant authors	Information and explanation texts	Narrative Poems	Tales from other cultures	Non- chronological reports and journalistic writing	Classic poems	Modern classic fiction	Information texts	Dialogue poems
	Sugges ted boks	Books by Phillip Pullman: Northern Lights and Clockwork. Then choose those preferred from: Spring- heeled Jack, Count Karlstein, Firework Maker's Daughter, I was a Rat	Sue Palmer's Books of Instructions and Explanations	The Highwayman by Alfred Noyes Other poems are provided in resources	Sinbad the Sailor retold by Marcia Williams The Seven Voyages of Sinbad the Sailor by J. Yeoman	Tuesday by David Wiesner		Tales from Outer Suburbia by Shaun Tan, Templar Publishing	Various reports (provided)	The Convergenc e of the Twain by Thomas Hardy (Animated Tale – see resources)