

National Curriculum – Aims and purpose	School aims - skills, attitudes and knowledge that we would like all children to develop on their journey through the school
Purpose of study	
	Learning a new language opens doors and broadens our outlook on the world. It helps us to
Learning a foreign language is a liberation from insularity and provides an opening to other	move a step closer to understanding what it would like to walk in the shoes of others, and to
cultures. A high-quality languages education should foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their	develop a more rounded view of both the world and our place within it. It helps us all to
understanding of the world. The teaching should enable pupils to express their ideas and	understand the challenges that those in our class and our community for whom English is
thoughts in another language and to understand and respond to its speakers, both in	not the first language face every day - and to better appreciate those around us who are
speech and in writing. It should also provide opportunities for them to communicate for	fluent in multiple languages. Language learning also has an obvious practical value for 21st
practical purposes, learn new ways of thinking and read great literature in the original	century citizens who live in ever-more interlinked world. Whilst it is easy to sit in the UK and
language. Language teaching should provide the foundation for learning further languages,	believe that 'everyone' speaks English, the process of learning another language and
equipping pupils to study and work in other countries.	discovering more about other cultures reminds us that around 80% of the world do not
	speak the same language as us (and only about 5% speak it as their first language). French
Aims	was chosen for our school curriculum as the language we would teach because of how
The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:	widely it is spoken and that many of our pupils travel through France regularly. French is
- understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic	also the language most commonly taught in local secondary schools, and we are therefore
sources	providing our children with a solid platform for future learning. By the time they leave our
<ul> <li>speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of</li> </ul>	school, we want our children to be able to sustain simple conversations, to carry out simple
communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking	tasks and to respond to texts in another language. Finally, learning another language is
questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation	invaluable for moving beyond stereotypical views of the culture of a country, and discovering
- can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of	that the similarities are as striking as the differences. It provides opportunities to look at
grammatical structures that they have learnt	shared values and aspirations, such as personal liberty, democracy and the rule of law, and
<ul> <li>discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.</li> </ul>	to discover that, while British Values are not universal, they are mirrored in the ideals and
	values of many other countries.

#### Milestones:

At Stapleford Primary School children are taught in mixed age classes e.g. Years 1 & 2 together etc. Our curriculum sets out progression in the form of three 'Milestones'. The children work towards each Milestone for two years. During the first year pupils attain an understanding of the skills set out in the Milestone and during the second year they develop an advanced or deeper understanding. Each Milestone contains a range of descriptors which provide details of the skills to be covered. Over a two-year period, students become more and more familiar with these details by exploring them in a breadth of contexts. This helps pupils to "know more" and "remember more."

Links to learning in EYFS:	Links to other subjects / curriculum areas:	Experiences every child should have:
Foreign languages are not introduced until Year 3. However,	<ul> <li>English - understanding of tense, person and verb</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Meet and talk to fluent French speakers (possibly</li> </ul>
an understanding of other cultures - and the idea that not	conjugation; application of phonological knowledge (and	secondary school language teachers to support transition
everyone speaks the same language - will have been met	identifying where French follows different rules); use of	for Year 6)
throughout EYFS & KS1. This includes:	reading skills to tackle new vocabulary, summarise texts and	<ul> <li>Learn about the other languages spoken in their class /</li> </ul>
	infer meaning.	year group / phase, with bilingual children given the
EYFS - Understanding the World	<ul> <li>Geography - links to understanding cultures, languages</li> </ul>	opportunity to share their language with others
• Children know that other children don't always enjoy the	and ways of life elsewhere in the world.	<ul> <li>Take part in role-play and drama activities using a</li> </ul>
same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about	• Art - exploring the life and work of artists such as Cezanne	foreign language
similarities and differences between themselves and others,	and Seurat.	<ul> <li>Learn about life in France and its similarities and</li> </ul>
and among families, communities and traditions.	<ul> <li>Drama - role play should form a significant part of</li> </ul>	differences to the UK as part of their geography learning,
KS1/2-PSHE	language teaching, with children improvising and developing	to support their understanding
	dialogue based around simple contexts.	<ul> <li>Read foreign translations of books they know and</li> </ul>
Understand the importance of respecting others, even	<ul> <li>Maths - counting and completing simple maths activities in</li> </ul>	French-language versions of familiar films and TV shows,
when they are very different from them or have different	French, telling the time, talking about time, money and	to both support language acquisition and intercultural
preferences or beliefs.	shapes in both French and English.	understanding.

# Skills Progression: French – Years 3 & 4



Year groups	<b>Read fluently</b> This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.	Write imaginatively This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas.	<b>Speak confidently</b> This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken This concept involves the background knowledge and cultural capital needed to infer meaning from interaction
3 & 4	<ul> <li>Read out loud everyday words and phrases.</li> </ul>	Write or copy everyday words correctly.	<ul> <li>Understand a range of spoken phrases.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify countries and communities where the language is spoken.</li> </ul>
Milestone 1	• Use phonic knowledge to read words.	<ul> <li>Label items and choose appropriate words to complete short sentences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand standard language (sometimes asking for words or phrases to be repeated).</li> </ul>	Demonstrate some knowledge and understanding of the customs and
	• Read and understand short written phrases.	Write one or two short sentences.	<ul> <li>Answer simple questions and give basic information.</li> </ul>	features of the countries or communities where the language is spoken.
	• Read out loud familiar words and phrases.	<ul> <li>Write short phrases used in everyday conversations correctly.</li> </ul>	• Give responses to questions about everyday events.	<ul> <li>Show awareness of the social conventions when speaking to someone.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use books or glossaries to find out the meanings of new words.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Pronounce words showing a knowledge of sound patterns.</li> </ul>	

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3 & 4 Milestone 2	<ul> <li>Read and understand the main points in short written texts.</li> <li>Read short texts independently.</li> <li>Use a translation dictionary or glossary to look up new words.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write a few short sentences using familiar expressions.</li> <li>Express personal experiences and responses.</li> <li>Write short phrases from memory with spelling that is readily understandable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the main points from spoken passages.</li> <li>Ask others to repeat words or phrases if necessary.</li> <li>Ask and answer simple questions and talk about interests.</li> <li>Take part in discussions and tasks.</li> <li>Demonstrate a growing vocabulary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe with some interesting details some aspects of countries or communities where the language is spoken.</li> <li>Make comparisons between life in countries or communities where the language is spoken and this country.</li> </ul>

## Skills Progression: French – Years 5 & 6



Year groups	<b>Read fluently</b> This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.	Write imaginatively This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas.	<b>Speak confidently</b> This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken This concept involves the background knowledge and cultural capital needed to infer meaning from interaction
5 & 6 Milestone 3	<ul> <li>Read and understand the main points and some of the detail in short written texts.</li> <li>Use the context of a sentence or a translation dictionary to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words.</li> <li>Read and understand the main points and opinions in written texts from various contexts, including present, past or future events.</li> <li>Show confidence in reading aloud, and in using reference materials.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write short texts on familiar topics.</li> <li>Use knowledge of grammar to enhance or change the meaning of phrases.</li> <li>Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words.</li> <li>Refer to recent experiences or future plans, as well as to everyday activities.</li> <li>Include imaginative and adventurous word choices.</li> <li>Convey meaning (although there may be some mistakes, the meaning can be understood with little or no difficulty).</li> <li>Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the main points and opinions in spoken passages.</li> <li>Give a short prepared talk that includes opinions.</li> <li>Take part in conversations to seek and give information.</li> <li>Refer to recent experiences or future plans, everyday activities and interests.</li> <li>Vary language and produce extended responses.</li> <li>Be understood with little or no difficulty.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give detailed accounts of the customs, history and culture of the countries and communities where the language is spoken.</li> <li>Describe, with interesting detail, some similarities and differences between countries and communities where the language is spoken and this country.</li> </ul>

#### French: Curriculum covered at Stapleford Primary School

French lessons start in Year 3.



### Lower KS2 (Class 2 – Year 3 & 4) Rolling Programme

Subject	Year A (202	Year A (2022-2023), (2024-2025) (2026-2027) etc.			Year B (2021-2022), (2023-2024), (2025-2026) etc.		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
	Year 3 –	Year 3 –	Year 3 –	Year 3 –	Year 3 –	Year 3 –	
French	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	
	New Primary French Book 1	New Primary French Book 1	New Primary French Book 1	New Primary French Book 1	New Primary French Book 1	New Primary French Book 1	
(See Rising Stars' Euro	Moi (All about me)	Jeux et chansons	On fait la fete	Portraits (Portraits)	Les quatres amis	Ca Pousse!	
Stars New Primary French scheme of work)		(Games and songs)	(Celebrations)		(The four friends)	(Growing things)	
	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 <b>On y va! (All aboard!)</b>	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 L'argent de poche (Pocket money)	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 Raconte-moi une histoire! (Tell me a story)	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 Vive le sport! (Our sporting lives)	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 Le Carnaval de Animaux (The Carnival of the Animals)	Year 4 – Euro Stars: New Primary French Book 2 Quel temps fait-il? (What's the weather like?)	



#### Upper KS2 (Class 1 – Years 5 & 6) Rolling Programme

<mark>Subject</mark>	Year A (2022-2023), (2024-2025) (2026-2027) etc.			Year B (2021-2022), (2023-2024), (2025-2026) etc.		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Year 5 –	Year 5 –	Year 5 –	Year 5 –	Year 5 –	Year 5 –
French	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:
	New Primary French Book 3	New Primary French Book 3	New Primary French Book 3	New Primary French Book 3	New Primary French Book 3	New Primary French Book 3
(See Rising Stars' Euro	Bon appetit, bonne sante	Je suis le musicien	En route pour l'ecole	Scene de plage	Le retour du printemps	Les Planetes
Stars New Primary French scheme of work)	(Healthy eating)	(I am the music man)	(On the way to school)	(Beach scene)	(The return of the spring)	(The planets)
	Year 6 –	Year 6 –	Year 6 –	Year 6 –	Year 6 –	Year 6 –
	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:	Euro Stars:
	New Primary French Book 4	New Primary French Book 4	New Primary French Book 4	New Primary French Book 4	New Primary French Book 4	New Primary French Book 4
	Notre ecole	Notre monde	Le passe et le present	Ici et la (Out and about)	Monter un café	Quoi de neuf?
(Our school)	(Our school)	(The world around us)	(Then and now)		(Setting up a café)	(What's in the news?)